

The reason is to be found in action of the proportion of

In Queensland twelve co-operative settlements, with a membership of 488, have been formed under the Act of last year. Six of these have been in the colony since the Act was passed, and seven have been formed since. Others have accepted land offered by the Government.

Very heavy rains have fallen on the Northern rivers in this colony, nearly 6 in. having been recorded in the district of the Richmond. For the past two days a heavy rain has been falling on the New South Wales coast, resulting in the devastation due to the meteorological disturbance that has been affecting the Queensland coast, bringing heavy rains all over the coastal areas of the Northern colony.

Unusually high temperatures were reported from the far west and south-west of the colony yesterday. At Euston it was 118° in the shade, and many stations reported a shade temperature of 100° to 110°.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN CLUB, NEW SOUTH WALES.

ed, offered at auction a catalogue of 1880 bales of wool. The market showed an easier feeling, especially as regards inferior to medium greasy medium wools.

At their wool sale yesterday Messrs John Bridge and Co. brought forward a catalogue of 3171 bales. For all medium and low quality wools prices were decidedly easier, and for the best quality competition was not so strong as at the last sale.

Wool sales are announced for to-day by Messrs Goldsbrough, Mort, and Co. and the Australian Wool Company.

Mr. LYNN has given notice in the Legislative Assembly that on Thursday he will move that it is expedient that the Narrabri to Murrey railway be extended out, subject to the provisions of any Act that may be passed, to the Murrey River, and that the betterment principle with regard to public works.

It Melbourne no difficulty is being experienced, by Messrs. Howard Smith and Sons in obtaining labour to discharge their vessels at a uniform wage of 10s. per week, and 1d. per ton for the night labour, in place of the piece wages previously paid.

The Church Congress was opened at Hobart yesterday Bishop Montgomery delivered the presidential address.

Mr. BLAKE, M.L.A., addressed a meeting of the electors of the Gipps Division at Miller's Point last night, and received a vote of confidence. He afterwards delivered the address at the annual meeting of the Labour Electoral League, and Mr. J. C. Watson desired to speak in reply, but the meeting declined not to hear him.

On the motion of Mr. Kelly the Legislative Assembly resolved a select committee to report on the operation of the shipping laws, and abuses connected therewith.

In the Stock and Share market yesterday shares of the Bank of New South Wales and deposits of the Australian Colonial Bank were dealt in at previous prices.

ding to office under circumstances which would be regarded as necessitating their resignation in any other British community. Banks have been played with the Canada money market, and for the purpose of retaining office which hitherto no one has succeeded in finding precedent for in any constitutional country. If it were alleged that the Government had been playing with the money of New South Wales, make themselves by what they do and what they condone the opprobrium of the Australian colonies, how would it be possible for the most patriotic colonist to challenge the ascription? Indeed, we know that by our grossness in critic the reduction of the most serious nature are at times made against us in regard to the persons and proceedings of our public life. The question which it behoves the people of the colony seriously to consider to-day, is, Is there not some of the most malignant aspersions ever cast upon us so damaging to our character and to our reputation among the nations as the new political principle acquired last night by the Ministry and acquiesced in by the Assembly of this colony, and by other countries, the public charge of gross public misconduct of the kind in question is henceforth to be regarded as no disqualification for the position of Minister of the Crown in New South Wales?

Never before, we believe, has the coal-mining industry of this colony been in so general a condition of unrest and disturbance. The trade is staggering under the influence of both local and external causes.

ing the mine, and by substituting the contract system for that under which the miners were previously paid. The proposed destruction of the contract system was the cause of the strike, but, whilst it has been one of the means of checking the diminution of profits in spite of the fall in the value of the ore, the men are earning better wages than they were paid before the strike. The analogy between the coal-mines at Broken Hill and the coal-mines at Newcastle and elsewhere may not be complete; but the lessons taught by the former are not inapplicable to the latter in degree. If the old system had been continued at Broken Hill, had not the closing of the mine had followed as a consequence, employment would have been lost for a number of men now working for better pay than before. If, through the reduction of the selling price of the coal, the miners were to lose at the coal mines, the trade should be recovered or increased, the miners might obtain four or five days' employment a week instead of two or three, their actual monthly and yearly earnings would be increased, and the miners would be interested together with those of the owners, would be saved.

A serious tale is told by the tables supplied by Mr. COMPTON showing the population of the colony from 1893 to 1900. The population in 1893 was 25,720, of which 24,185 were due to the natural growth resulting from the exclusion of birds of prey deaths, and only 1847 loss.

It was apparent that when the Premier announced to the House last night that the Cabinet had come to the decision not to suspend the import duties on the trade of the colony must adjust itself to the conditions of foreign markets or be driven out of the field. As to local competition, that is affected by varying local conditions, such as the character of the country, the nature of the soil, the mode of working, the distance from market, &c. The general readjustment, both for the outside trade and for local supply may be a work of time. Whilst it is going on the Government inevitably will have to look to the necessities of the colony for the time being.

The portion of the increase due to natural growth may be taken as approximately normal, but the increase gained from outside is woefully small. It is by far the smallest given in 11 years' statistics supplied by the Government Statisticians and is indeed lower than that of any year since 1862. The first return included in this table is that for 1868, when the increase by excess of exports over imports was 27,278, as against the 1,537 of last year.

determination was tacitly concurred in by the Assembly. The House had had its impulse of virtuous propriety, and it was over. Had the Premier intimated, when referring to the subject on which he had just spoken, that the LAND had tendered his resignation it would not be accepted, a substantial majority might have been cast against the Government. The Premier was careful to say nothing of the kind. We should not imagine that the acceptance of the resignation had taken place, he used terms which certainly conveyed to the House the impression that the resignation was final, and that it involved the severance of all connection between the two. It is probable that was the Premier's own impression at the moment when he spoke. But it is indicative of the distrust which has grown up in the general mind of the public with respect to Ministers, that a suspicion that there was any such thing as the first, a widespread scepticism

feeling, privation, and distress. What we have to hope is that these painful developments may be reduced within the narrowest possible limits, and that with the least delay a more healthy general settlement will be arrived at which will place the trade on a sounder basis than before. The industry is large enough to affect by its healthy or its unhealthy state the general welfare of the colony.

The trade as a whole cannot prosper if the export falls away. But the condition of the export trade with the competition now to contend against depends on the price of the coal we export. If the coal can be sold. In illustration of this we may refer to the report of Mr. R. B. WALLACE, to the effect that since the reduction of price at Newcastle on the 1st January, information has been received of the loss of a large quantity of vessels fixed to load there, so that during the next two months there should be a

An inspection of the table serves to indicate the close relationship between these figures and the amount of loan expenditure of the colony. The total value of the loans from 1883 to 1885, when this expenditure was large, and when the system of assisted immigration was still in force, the increase to population from this source ranged from 37,000 to 40,000. The year 1886 came three years during which the expenditure slackened off, and the gain of population from influx fell to 5000 or 8000 a year. Then came the enlarged loan expenditure of 1890 and 1891, and the increase of population rose to 20,000. In 1892 the need of economy made itself felt, and the rate of gain from influx immediately fell to 6719 in the former year, and to 1537 in that lately past. The decline that has taken place itself in these figures is so important to the rate of growth of the colony, is rightly attributed by Mr. COOMRAS to the general stagnation that pre-

regarding the intentions of the Government. The doubt was whether, when the victory was gained and the majority of the House was in favour of the Minister for Mr. COPELAND to retain his position as a Minister. We do not question that the feeling of members of Parliament has had as much to do with bringing about this result as the desire of the Ministry. There is a general disinclination to bear hardly upon a case of the character alleged against Mr. COPELAND. Moreover, it must be admitted that considerable inconvenience would result from the necessity of appointing a new Minister at the present moment. The salvation provided by that proclamation of October 5 still acts its protecting shield over the fates of Ministers, as of Ministers of the Crown. In addition to all, we have the fact that the House by its attitude last night must be taken to have concurred in the decision of the Government. Perhaps

decided increase in the export trade. The reduction of the selling price is, however, a question which has many considerations. The limits of reduction are fixed by the expenses incurred in carrying on the business, extracting the coal, and placing it in the market. If the cost of getting the coal to the place in which it is sold, the price for which it is sold, there is not only a loss upon the operation itself, but that loss is aggravated by the fact that the coal thus raised and sold cannot be replaced, with not grow the coal which the country can carry to the owners who part with it. But the cost of getting the coal is not the only item that may cut down profits or cause a loss in putting it on the market. As Mr. WALKER pointed out, a reduction in the selling price cannot be wholly met by a reduction in the wages of the miners. As a matter of fact, hitherto, for every shilling of reduction in the selling price, the larger proportion of the loss has been borne by the

value of £8,000,000, and it is not impossible that the Government would have imposed that which would counteract this tendency and make New South Wales the happy and prosperous home of workers attracted here from all parts. To learn the extent to which the Government's proposals have been fulfilled we have only to look to the population tables now supplied.

TELEGRAPHIC INTERRUPTION.—Up to a late hour last night telegraphic communication on the overland route from Port Phillip to Melbourne was interrupted between Daily Waters and Katherine on Monday afternoon, had not been restored. We saw, however, without our usual supply of cable news.

VICEROYAL NEWS.—His Excellency the Governor was waited upon yesterday morning by the Speaker, Sir Joseph Abbott, who presented to him the Address in Reply to the Address in Speech on the opening of Parliament. It is not usual when Parliament is opened by command of the Governor, for the Viceroy to accompany the Speaker, and Sir Joseph Abbott yesterday visited the Governor alone. At 10

It was thought that the appointment of a committee to inquire into the system of punishment to offence, what Mr. COPPLELAND had done and suffered had formed sufficient statement and would furnish sufficient safeguard against a repetition of the occurrence.

We do not believe that the self-respect and right feeling of the community will consent for a moment to regard this as the question which was at issue. We freely recognize that it must be viewed as a question touching the limits of party, and that it must be determined by principles which we should be equally ready to apply to any member in any other part of the system. We are therefore prepared to refuse to hold that the question under consideration is the precise degree of Mr. COPPLELAND's offence, and the exact measure of penalty which should be attached to it. We had rather that the Minister should be "arrested and the Ministry tried," have derived assistance from the smaller by the miners. But if the system of management could be cheapened, or if improved methods of working could be introduced, or if the working of the mines could be brought into view, reduction of the selling price might be effected without unduly pressing upon the miners, who can ill afford to bear it, or upon the dividends of the shareholders, many of whom are not better positioned to do so. It will be remembered that when negotiations were pending some time back for the formation of a trust in the Northern coal-field, one of the chief purposes was the reduction of the selling price by the consolidation of interests. That movement failed, but there is no doubt as to the soundness of the principle so far contended for. It is more than probable that, with the trade which is now in the hands of a number of small companies, the aggregate cost of management is far in excess of the proportion it ought to

be paid for. A meeting of Ministers took place yesterday afternoon at the Colonial Secretary's office. Three were present—Sir George Dibbs, Mr. Suttar, Mr. Lyne, Mr. Slattery, and Mr. Kidd. Sir George Dibbs was talked over, and it was finally decided not to accept it. An intimation to this effect was made in the Legislature by Mr. Lyne, and Mr. Kidd, however, made no statement on the matter.

APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE.—The question of the legality of the appointment of the Committee to inquire into the system of punishment, recently brought before the Assembly by Mr. J. C. Naill, and last night the Speaker announced that he was of opinion that the Committee was not legal, and that for the future he intended to follow the English custom with regard to the appointment. Mr. Naill had previously stated that he would only raise the difficulty by passing a new standing order. It may be stated that Sir Geo. Dibbs will move to-night to amend the Standing Order.

presence as assessors of one or two of those magisterial officials a large part of whose duty consists in apportioning pecuniary penalties on the basis of the amount of the excesses of self-indulgent citizens. Surely this was not the question which occupied the public mind of the colony on Thursday last, and which may again become a factor when the Ministry of Justice is asked to stand up for judgment. The question which the incident of last week pressed upon the mind and conscience of the colony was, Is a man who could conduct himself in a way so unworthy of his position as a member of the community fit to hold the office of Minister of the Crown? And when plea for leniency have been urged it has been impossible to shut out from consideration the significant fact that Mr. GERRARD had been a member of the Council before resigning his position as Minister under a similar set of circumstances. It is possible to remember the fact that while the account of the incident was being given, the

beat to the aggregate business.

A remarkable illustration of the good that may be accomplished by large industrial undertakings by radical reforms of processes and systems of management has been afforded in the case of the Broken Hill silver mine, as described recently in an Adelaide paper. During the last year the yield of the mine, the value per ton of the ore extracted went down, roughly, from 20 to 24, then to 27, then to 26, then to 25, then to 24. The profit per ton also underwent a reduction, and the result was regarded as a first, it has lately been brought almost to the first. In this case, the amounts for seven half-years are given, as follows:—Five, four and a quarter, four and a quarter, two and a quarter, two and a quarter, one and three-quarters, and one and three-quarters. The explanation of the decrease is that, the best ore having been worked at the first, and the inferior ores afterwards, a far larger amount of waste was produced.

By this House and presented by Mr. Spence to His Excellency the Governor for approval. "This House shall, by resolution upon a motion of Mr. Spence, be pleased to appoint Mr. G. H. G. as Chairman of Committees of the whole House. When a vacancy occurs in the office of Chairman, a new Chairman shall be appointed by resolution of the House. For this end, the resolution will be now appointing Mr. Melville to fill the position temporarily, until the standing order has been approved. Mr. G. H. G. will move a resolution that Mr. Melville be appointed Chairman of Committees for the ensuing session."

THE GOVERNMENT MEMBERS TO MEET THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. — On the table of the Legislative Assembly last night the report of the Public-works Standing Committee on Public-works, and the proposed amendments to the Bill for the construction of the railway from the Port of Melbourne to the Port of Melbourne. The report sets out that the principal object in constructing the railway was to retain for the railways of this colony a large portion of the traffic of Queensland, which legitimately belongs to New South Wales and which, unless railway construction is carried out, will be lost to the colony. Another reason for constructing

cession of public functions was really held ten years ago to disqualify a man for the post of Minister and to compare it with the fact that a still graver charge of the same nature is now held to be but a venial irregularity, without being compelled to resign in consequence. The measure of the lowering of the public standard of prob-

The annual meeting of the Horsham, Thornleigh, Pennant Hills, Beecroft, and Caringford Horticultural Association was held at the School of Arts, Thornleigh, on Monday evening, May 27, 1924, the president, occupying the chair. The report showed that the association had made good progress, and that there were now 112 members. The funds were also in a healthy condition, there being a credit balance of £27. The shows held during the year had been successful. The following officers were elected for the coming year:—President, Mrs. James Purves; Vice-presidents, Mr. J. G. Dalziel, P. Hocking, G. B. Moss, and C. G. Dalziel; committee, Messrs. T. Hudson, R. Warren, A. Maciver, R. Bick, R. F. B. Fyfe, J. G. Dalziel, J. Duffy, G. Duffin, and E. H. Thibbs; secretary,

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